

dēfendere

3rd

PP1: dēfend-ō PP2: dēfend-ere PP3: dēfend-ī PP4: dēfēns-us

defend

Singular

Plural

Tense	1st Person	2nd Person	3rd Person	1st Person	2nd Person	3rd Person
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Indicative Mood Active Voice

Present	dēfendō	dēfendis	dēfendit	dēfendimus	dēfenditis	dēfendunt
Imperfect	dēfendēbam	dēfendēbās	dēfendēbat	dēfendēbāmus	dēfendēbātis	dēfendēbant
Future	dēfendam	dēfendēs	dēfendet	dēfendēmus	dēfendētis	dēfendent
Perfect	dēfendī	dēfendistī	dēfendit	dēfendimus	dēfendistis	dēfendērunt
Pluperfect	dēfenderam	dēfenderās	dēfenderat	dēfenderāmus	dēfenderātis	dēfenderant
Future Perfect	dēfenderō	dēfenderis	dēfenderit	dēfenderimus	dēfenderitis	dēfenderint

Indicative Mood Passive Voice

Present	dēfendor	dēfenderis	dēfenditur	dēfendimur	dēfendiminī	dēfenduntur
Imperfect	dēfendēbar	dēfendēbāris	dēfendēbātur	dēfendēbāmur	dēfendēbāminī	dēfendēbantur
Future	dēfendar	dēfendēris	dēfendētur	dēfendēmur	dēfendēminī	dēfendentur
Perfect	dēfēnsus, a, um sum	dēfēnsus, a, um es	dēfēnsus, a, um est	dēfēnsī, æ, a sumus	dēfēnsī, æ, a estis	dēfēnsī, æ, a sunt
Pluperfect	dēfēnsus, a, um eram	dēfēnsus, a, um erās	dēfēnsus, a, um erat	dēfēnsī, æ, a erāmus	dēfēnsī, æ, a erātis	dēfēnsī, æ, a erant
Future Perfect	dēfēnsus, a, um erō	dēfēnsus, a, um eris	dēfēnsus, a, um erit	dēfēnsī, æ, a erimus	dēfēnsī, æ, a eritis	dēfēnsī, æ, a erunt

Subjunctive Mood Active Voice

Present	dēfendam	dēfendās	dēfendat	dēfendāmus	dēfendātis	dēfendant
Imperfect	dēfenderem	dēfenderēs	dēfenderet	dēfenderēmus	dēfenderētis	dēfenderent
Perfect	dēfenderim	dēfenderīs	dēfenderit	dēfenderīmus	dēfenderītis	dēfenderint
Pluperfect	dēfendissem	dēfendissēs	dēfendisset	dēfendissēmus	dēfendissētis	dēfendissent

Subjunctive Mood Passive Voice

Present	dēfendar	dēfendāris	dēfendātur	dēfendāmur	dēfendāminī	dēfendantur
Imperfect	dēfenderer	dēfenderēris	dēfenderētur	dēfenderēmur	dēfenderēminī	dēfenderentur
Perfect	dēfēnsus, a, um sim	dēfēnsus, a, um sīs	dēfēnsus, a, um sit	dēfēnsī, æ, a sīmus	dēfēnsī, æ, a sītis	dēfēnsī, æ, a sint
Pluperfect	dēfēnsus, a, um essem	dēfēnsus, a, um essēs	dēfēnsus, a, um esset	dēfēnsī, æ, a essēmus	dēfēnsī, æ, a essētis	dēfēnsī, æ, a essent

Imperative Mood Active Voice

Present		dēfende			dēfendite	
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Singular

Perfect Participle Passive

Plural

dēfēnsus, a, um

dēfēnsī, æ, a

Present Infinitive Active

dēfendere

Present Infinitive Passive

dēfendī

Back

Exercise #256 – Page 238

Translate:



1

Cæsar legiōnēs novās et integrās sæpe expectāvit ut hostēs facile vinceret.

Cæsar = *Caesar*

sæpe expectāvit = *often waited for*

legiōnēs novās et integrās = *new and fresh legions*

ut facile vinceret = *in order easily to conquer*

hostēs = *the enemy*

Complete Translation:

Caesar often waited for new and fresh legions in order easily to conquer the enemy.



2

Gallī oppidum vallō altō et fossā lātā mūnīvērunt nē Rōmānī id expugnārent.

Gallī = *The Gauls*

mūnīvērunt = *fortified*

oppidum = *the town*

vallō altō et fossā lātā = *by means of a high wall and a wide ditch*

nē Rōmānī = *lest the Romans*

id expugnārent = *should take it by storm*

Complete Translation:

The Gauls fortified the town by means of a high wall and a wide ditch lest the Romans should take it by storm.



3

Lēgātus centuriōnēs et tribūnōs mīlitum appellāvit ut fortiter et diū
pugnārent.

Lēgātus = *The lieutenant*

appellāvit = *called upon*

centuriōnēs et tribūnōs mīlitum = *the centurions and the military tribunes*

ut pugnārent = *to fight*

fortiter et diū = *long and bravely*

Complete Translation:

The lieutenant called upon the centurions and the military tribunes to fight long and bravely.



4 Dūxitne Hannibal omnēs cōpiās trāns lāta flūmina et per montēs altōs ut cum Rōmānīs in Italiā bellum gereret?

Hannibal = *Hannibal*

Dūxitne = *Did (he) lead*

omnēs cōpiās = *all the troops*

trāns lāta flūmina = *across wide rivers*

et per montēs altōs = *and through high mountains*

ut bellum gereret = *to wage war*

cum Rōmānīs = *with the Romans*

in Italiā = *in Italy*

Complete Translation:

Did Hannibal lead all the troops (the entire army) across wide rivers and through high mountains to wage war with the Romans in Italy?



5

Jēsūs Chrīstus, Deī Fīlius, in mundum vēnit ut vītam et salūtem nōbīs daret.

Jēsūs Chrīstus, Deī Fīlius = *Jesus Christ, the Son of God*

vēnit = *came*

in mundum = *into the world*

ut nōbīs daret = *to give us*

vītam et salūtem = *life and salvation*

Complete Translation:

Jesus Christ, the Son of God, came into the world to give us life and salvation.



6

Gallī sæpe lēgātōs in castra Cæsarīs mīsērunt ut pācem et amīcitiam peterent.

Gallī = *The Gauls*

sæpe mīsērunt = *often send*

lēgātōs = *envoys*

in castra Cæsarīs = *into Caesar's camp*

ut peterent = *to ask for*

pācem et amīcitiam = *peace and friendship*

Complete Translation:

The Gauls often send envoys into Caesar's camp to ask for peace and friendship.



7

Concilium sæpe ab imperātōribus vocātur ut dē rē gravī in conciliō agant.

Concilium = *A council*

sæpe vocātur = *is often called*

ab imperātōribus = *by generals*

ut agant = *in order that they may treat*

dē rē gravī = *of a serious matter*

in conciliō = *in the council*

Complete Translation:

A council is often called by generals in order that they may treat of a serious matter in the council.



8

Dux lēgātīs præmia dedit ut cōnsilium laudārent.

Dux = *The leader*

dedit = *gave*

præmia = *rewards*

lēgātīs = *to the envoys*

ut laudārent = *in order that they might praise*

cōnsilium = *the plan*

Complete Translation:

The leader gave the envoys rewards in order that they might praise the plan.



Reading #13 – Page 239 **DĒ FRĀTRUM FORTIUM MORTE**

Translate:

Of The Death of Two Brave Brothers



1

In hōc¹ prœliō multī equitēs occīsī sunt; in² eīs vir fortis et nōbilis, Pīsō Aquītānus.

In hōc¹ prœliō = *In this battle*

multī equitēs = *many horsemen*

occīsī sunt = *were killed*

in² eīs = *in (among) them*

vir fortis et nōbilis = *a brave and renowned man*

Pīsō Aquītānus = *Piso Aquitanus*

¹ hōc: *this*.

² in here means *among*.

Complete Translation:

In this battle many horsemen were killed, in (among) them a brave and renowned man, Piso Aquitanus.



2 Is amīcus erat Populī Rōmānī.

Is = *He*

erat = *was*

amīcus = *a friend*

Populī Rōmānī = *of the Roman people*

Complete Translation:

He was a friend of the Roman people.



3

Ējus frāter in prœliō vulnerātus³ erat et ab hostibus premēbātur.

Ējus frāter = *His brother*

vulnerātus³ erat = *had been wounded*

in prœliō = *in battle*

et premēbātur = *and was being (hard) pressed*

ab hostibus = *by the enemy*

³ vulnerō, *1, tr.:* wound.

Complete Translation:

His brother had been wounded in battle and was being (hard) pressed by the enemy.



4

Nōn erat spēs salūtis.

Nōn erat = *There was no*spēs = *hope*salūtis = *of safety (escape)*

Complete Translation:

There was no hope of safety (escape).

5 Pīsō id vīdit; vīdit frātre^m; vīdit hostēs.

Pīsō = *Piso* vīdit = *saw* id = *this*

vīdit = *he saw* frātre^m = *(his) brother*

vīdit = *he saw* hostēs = *(the) enemy*

Complete Translation:

Piso saw this: he saw his brother; and he saw the enemy.



6

Tamen in hostēs contendit ut frātre[▼]m adjuvāret[▼].

Tamen = *Nevertheless*

contendit = *he hastened*

in hostēs = *into (toward) the enemy*

ut adjuvāret = *in order to aid*

frātre^m = *(his) brother*

Complete Translation:

Nevertheless he hastened toward the enemy in order to aid his brother.



7

Ab hostibus autem circumventus⁴ est atque occīsus est.

autem circumventus⁴ est = *But he was surrounded*

Ab hostibus = *by the enemy*

atque = *and*

occīsus est = *(he was) killed*

⁴ circumveniō: *surround*.

Complete Translation:

But he was surrounded by the enemy and killed.



8

Tum frāter Pīsōnis morte ējus vehementer mōtus est et in hostēs contendit.

Tum = *Then*

frāter Pīsōnis = *Piso's brother*

vehementer mōtus est = *was greatly moved*

morte ējus = *by his (brother's) death*

et contendit = *and he hastened*

in hostēs = *toward the enemy*

Complete Translation:

Then Piso's brother was greatly moved by his (brother's) death and he hastened toward the enemy.



9

▼
Ācriter pugnāvit; tamen is etiam ab hostibus occīsus ▼
est.

Ācriter pugnāvit = *He fought bitterly*

tamen = *nevertheless*

is = *he*

etiam = *also*

occīsus est = *was killed*

ab hostibus = *by the enemy*

Complete Translation:

He fought bitterly, nevertheless he was also killed by the enemy.



10 Ita occīsī sunt frātrēs fortēs et bonī.

Ita = Thus

frātrēs fortēs et bonī = (these) brave and good brothers

occīsī sunt = were (both) killed

Complete Translation:

Thus (these) brave and good brothers were (both) killed.



11 [▼]Laudāmusne eōs?

Laudāmusne = *Do we praise*

eōs = *them*

Complete Translation:

Do we praise them?



Exercise #261 – Page 243

Translate:



Reading #14 – Page 244 **DĒ OBSIDIBUS**

Translate:

Of (Concerning) Hostages



1

Gallī obsidēs inter sē sæpe dedērunt ut amīcitiam et pācem cōfirmārent.

Gallī = *The Gauls*

inter sē sæpe dedērunt = *often exchanged*

obsidēs = *hostages*

ut cōfirmārent = *in order to strengthen*

amīcitiam et pācem = *friendship and peace*

Complete Translation:

The Gauls often exchanged hostages in order to strengthen friendship and peace.



2

Itaque per obsidēs amīcitia cōfirmāta est atque ita pāx in Galliā est cōfirmāta.

Itaque = *Therefore*

amīcitia = *friendship*

cōfirmāta est = *was encouraged*

per obsidēs = *through the hostages*

atque ita = *and thus*

pāx = *peace*

est cōfirmāta = *was strengthened*

in Galliā = *in Gaul*

Complete Translation:

Therefore friendship was encouraged through the hostages and thus peace was strengthened in Gaul.



3

Gallī sæpe obsidēs etiam Rōmānīs dedērunt ut fidem cōfirmārent.

Gallī = *The Gauls*

sæpe dedērunt = *often gave*

obsidēs = *hostages*

Rōmānīs = *to the Romans*

etiam = *also*

ut cōfirmārent = *in order to strengthen*

fidem = *faith*

Complete Translation:

The Gauls often gave hostages to the Romans also in order to strengthen faith (encourage trust).



4

Rōmānī autem obsidēs Gallīs nōn dedērunt, nam, omnis Galliæ imperiī cupidī,
gentēs Galliæ armīs et virtūte vīcerant.

Rōmānī autem = *The Romans, however*

nōn dedērunt = *did not give*

obsidēs = *hostages*

Gallīs = *to the Gauls*

nam = *for*

imperiī cupidī = *desirous of command*

omnis Galliæ = *of all Gaul*

vīcerant = *they had conquered*

gentēs Galliæ = *the tribes of Gaul*

armīs et virtūte = *by means of arms and courage*

Complete Translation:

The Romans, however, did not give hostages to the Gauls, for, desirous of command of all Gaul, they had conquered the tribes of Gaul by means of arms and courage.



5

Itaque Gallī Rōmānōs timēbant et cum eīs bella sæpe gessērunt nē obsidēs eīs darent.

Itaque = *And so*

Gallī = *the Gauls*

timēbant = *feared*

Rōmānōs = *the Romans*

et bella sæpe gessērunt = *and often waged war*

cum eīs = *with them*

nē darent = *in order not to give*

obsidēs eīs = *hostages to them*

Complete Translation:

And so the Gauls feared the Romans and often waged war with them in order not to give hostages to them.



6 Obsidēs autem puerī et virī et mātērēs et patrēs erant.

Obsidēs autem = *The hostages, however*

erant = *were*

puerī et virī et mātērēs et patrēs = *boys and men and mothers and fathers*

Complete Translation:

The hostages, however, were boys and men and mothers and fathers.



7 Sæpe etiam erant fīlī prīncipum et rēgum Gallōrum.

Sæpe etiam erant = *Often, also (too), they were*

fīlī prīncipum = *sons of the chiefs*

et rēgum Gallōrum = *and (of) the kings of the Gauls*

Complete Translation:

Often, also (too), they were sons of the chiefs and (of) the kings of the Gauls.



8 Līberī autem nōn erant obsidēs.

autem = *But (however)*

obsidēs = *hostages*

nōn erant = *were not*

Līberī = *free*

Complete Translation:

But (however) hostages were not free.



9

Eōs enim Rōmānī in castrīs et hībernīs et oppidīs tenēbant ut propter eōrum salūtem Gallī pācem servārent.

enim Rōmānī = *For the Romans*

Eōs tenēbant = *held them*

in castrīs = *in camps*

et hībernīs et oppidīs = *and in winter quarters and in towns*

ut = *in order that*

propter eōrum salūtem = *on account of their safety*

Gallī = *the Gauls*

servārent = *would preserve*

pācem = *peace*

Complete Translation:

For the Romans held them in camps and in winter quarters and in towns in order that on account of their safety the Gauls would preserve peace.



10 *Itaque obsidēs sæpe miserī erant.*

Itaque obsidēs = *And so the hostages*

sæpe miserī erant = *were often wretched*

Complete Translation:

And so the hostages were often wretched.



- 11 Nam, sī¹ post pācem Gallī bellum cum Rōmānīs gessērunt, Rōmānī omnēs eōrum obsidēs occīdēbant ut posteā² Gallī propter metum fidem servārent.

Nam = *For*

sī¹ post pācem = *if after peace*

Gallī bellum gessērunt = *the Gauls waged war*

cum Rōmānīs = *with the Romans*

Rōmānī = *the Romans*

occīdēbant = *killed*

omnēs eōrum obsidēs = *all their hostages*

ut posteā² = *in order that afterwards*

Gallī = *the Gauls*

fidem servārent = *would keep faith*

propter metum = *on account of fear*

Complete Translation:

For if after peace the Gauls waged war with the Romans, the Romans killed all their hostages in order that afterwards the Gauls would keep faith on account of fear.

¹ sī: *if*

² posteā: *afterwards*



12 Ita Gallī cæde obsidum sæpe territī sunt et bellum cum Rōmānīs sæpe nōn gessērunt ut obsidum vītās cōservārent.

Ita = *Thus*

Gallī = *the Gauls*

sæpe territī sunt = *were often terrified*

cæde obsidum = *by the slaughter of the hostages*

et bellum sæpe nōn gessērunt = *and did not often wage war*

cum Rōmānīs = *with the Romans*

ut cōservārent = *in order to spare*

obsidum vītās = *the lives of the hostages*

Complete Translation:

Thus the Gauls were often terrified by the slaughter of the hostages and did not often wage war with the Romans in order to spare the lives of the hostages.

