

## dēfendere

PP1: dēfend-ō    PP2: dēfend-ere    PP3: dēfend-ī    PP4: dēfēns-us

3rd

*defend*

**Singular**

**Plural**

| Tense | 1st Person | 2nd Person | 3rd Person | 1st Person | 2nd Person | 3rd Person |
|-------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|
|-------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|

### Indicative Mood Active Voice

|                       |            |            |            |              |              |             |
|-----------------------|------------|------------|------------|--------------|--------------|-------------|
| <i>Present</i>        | dēfendō    | dēfendis   | dēfendit   | dēfendimus   | dēfenditis   | dēfendunt   |
| <i>Imperfect</i>      | dēfendēbam | dēfendēbās | dēfendēbat | dēfendēbāmus | dēfendēbātis | dēfendēbant |
| <i>Future</i>         | dēfendam   | dēfendēs   | dēfendet   | dēfendēmus   | dēfendētis   | dēfendent   |
| <i>Perfect</i>        | dēfendī    | dēfendistī | dēfendit   | dēfendimus   | dēfendistis  | dēfendērunt |
| <i>Pluperfect</i>     | dēfenderam | dēfenderās | dēfenderat | dēfenderāmus | dēfenderātis | dēfenderant |
| <i>Future Perfect</i> | dēfenderō  | dēfenderis | dēfenderit | dēfenderimus | dēfenderitis | dēfenderint |

### Indicative Mood Passive Voice

|                       |                      |                      |                      |                      |                      |                     |
|-----------------------|----------------------|----------------------|----------------------|----------------------|----------------------|---------------------|
| <i>Present</i>        | dēfendor             | dēfenderis           | dēfenditur           | dēfendimur           | dēfendiminī          | dēfenduntur         |
| <i>Imperfect</i>      | dēfendēbar           | dēfendēbāris         | dēfendēbātur         | dēfendēbāmur         | dēfendēbāminī        | dēfendēbantur       |
| <i>Future</i>         | dēfendar             | dēfendēris           | dēfendētur           | dēfendēmur           | dēfendēminī          | dēfendentur         |
| <i>Perfect</i>        | dēfēnsus, a, um sum  | dēfēnsus, a, um es   | dēfēnsus, a, um est  | dēfēnsī, æ, a sumus  | dēfēnsī, æ, a estis  | dēfēnsī, æ, a sunt  |
| <i>Pluperfect</i>     | dēfēnsus, a, um eram | dēfēnsus, a, um erās | dēfēnsus, a, um erat | dēfēnsī, æ, a erāmus | dēfēnsī, æ, a erātis | dēfēnsī, æ, a erant |
| <i>Future Perfect</i> | dēfēnsus, a, um erō  | dēfēnsus, a, um eris | dēfēnsus, a, um erit | dēfēnsī, æ, a erimus | dēfēnsī, æ, a eritis | dēfēnsī, æ, a erunt |

### Subjunctive Mood Active Voice

|                   |             |             |             |               |               |              |
|-------------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|---------------|---------------|--------------|
| <i>Present</i>    | dēfendam    | dēfendās    | dēfendat    | dēfendāmus    | dēfendātis    | dēfendant    |
| <i>Imperfect</i>  | dēfenderem  | dēfenderēs  | dēfenderet  | dēfenderēmus  | dēfenderētis  | dēfenderent  |
| <i>Perfect</i>    | dēfenderim  | dēfenderīs  | dēfenderit  | dēfenderīmus  | dēfenderītis  | dēfenderint  |
| <i>Pluperfect</i> | dēfendissem | dēfendissēs | dēfendisset | dēfendissēmus | dēfendissētis | dēfendissent |

### Subjunctive Mood Passive Voice

|                   |                       |                       |                       |                       |                       |                      |
|-------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|----------------------|
| <i>Present</i>    | dēfendar              | dēfendāris            | dēfendātur            | dēfendāmur            | dēfendāminī           | dēfendantur          |
| <i>Imperfect</i>  | dēfenderer            | dēfenderēris          | dēfenderētur          | dēfenderēmur          | dēfenderēminī         | dēfenderentur        |
| <i>Perfect</i>    | dēfēnsus, a, um sim   | dēfēnsus, a, um sīs   | dēfēnsus, a, um sit   | dēfēnsī, æ, a sīmus   | dēfēnsī, æ, a sītis   | dēfēnsī, æ, a sint   |
| <i>Pluperfect</i> | dēfēnsus, a, um essem | dēfēnsus, a, um essēs | dēfēnsus, a, um esset | dēfēnsī, æ, a essēmus | dēfēnsī, æ, a essētis | dēfēnsī, æ, a essent |

### Imperative Mood Active Voice

|                |  |         |  |  |           |  |
|----------------|--|---------|--|--|-----------|--|
| <i>Present</i> |  | dēfende |  |  | dēfendite |  |
|----------------|--|---------|--|--|-----------|--|

**Singular**

dēfēnsus, a, um

**Perfect Participle Passive**

**Plural**

dēfēnsī, æ, a

**Present Infinitive Active**

dēfendere

**Present Infinitive Passive**

dēfendī

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Exercise #256 – Page 238

Translate:



1 Cæsar legiōnēs novās et integrās sæpe expectāvit ut hostēs facile vinceret.

Cæsar = *Caesar*

sæpe expectāvit = *often waited for*

legiōnēs novās et integrās = *new and fresh legions*

ut facile vinceret = *in order easily to conquer*

hostēs = *the enemy*

Complete Translation:

*Caesar often waited for new and fresh legions in order easily to conquer the enemy.*



2 Gallī oppidum vallō altō et fossā lātā mūnīvērunt nē Rōmānī id expugnārent.

Gallī = *The Gauls*

mūnīvērunt = *fortified*

oppidum = *the town*

vallō altō et fossā lātā = *by means of a high wall and a wide ditch*

nē Rōmānī = *lest the Romans*

id expugnārent = *should take it by storm*

Complete Translation:

*The Gauls fortified the town by means of a high wall and a wide ditch lest the Romans should take it by storm.*



3 Lēgātus centuriōnēs et tribūnōs mīlitum appellāvit ut fortiter et diū pugnārent.

Lēgātus = *The lieutenant*

appellāvit = *called upon*

centuriōnēs et tribūnōs mīlitum = *the centurions and the military tribunes*

ut pugnārent = *to fight*

fortiter et diū = *long and bravely*

Complete Translation:

*The lieutenant called upon the centurions and the military tribunes to fight long and bravely.*



4 Dūxitne Hannibal omnēs cōpiās trāns lāta flūmina et per montēs altōs ut cum Rōmānīs in Italiā bellum gereret?

Hannibal = *Hannibal*

Dūxitne = *Did (he) lead*

omnēs cōpiās = *all the troops*

trāns lāta flūmina = *across wide rivers*

et per montēs altōs = *and through high mountains*

ut bellum gereret = *to wage war*

cum Rōmānīs = *with the Romans*

in Italiā = *in Italy*

Complete Translation:

*Did Hannibal lead all the troops (the entire army) across wide rivers and through high mountains to wage war with the Romans in Italy?*



5 Jēsūs Chrīstus, Deī Fīlius, in mundum vēnit ut vītam et salūtem nōbīs daret.

Jēsūs Chrīstus, Deī Fīlius = *Jesus Christ, the Son of God*

vēnit = *came*

in mundum = *into the world*

ut nōbīs daret = *to give us*

vītam et salūtem = *life and salvation*

Complete Translation:

*Jesus Christ, the Son of God, came into the world to give us life and salvation.*



6 Gallī sæpe lēgātōs in castra Cæsarīs mīsērunt ut pācem et amīcitiam peterent.

Gallī = *The Gauls*

sæpe mīsērunt = *often send*

lēgātōs = *envoys*

in castra Cæsarīs = *into Caesar's camp*

ut peterent = *to ask for*

pācem et amīcitiam = *peace and friendship*

Complete Translation:

*The Gauls often send envoys into Caesar's camp to ask for peace and friendship.*



7 Concilium sæpe ab imperātōribus vocātur ut dē rē gravī in conciliō agant.

Concilium = *A council*

sæpe vocātur = *is often called*

ab imperātōribus = *by generals*

ut agant = *in order that they may treat*

dē rē gravī = *of a serious matter*

in conciliō = *in the council*

Complete Translation:

*A council is often called by generals in order that they may treat of a serious matter in the council.*



8 Dux lēgātīs præmia dedit ut cōnsilium laudārent.

Dux = *The leader*

dedit = *gave*

præmia = *rewards*

lēgātīs = *to the envoys*

ut laudārent = *in order that they might praise*

cōnsilium = *the plan*

Complete Translation:

*The leader gave the envoys rewards in order that they might praise the plan.*



Reading #13 – Page 239 **DĒ FRĀTRUM FORTIUM MORTE**

Translate:

*Of The Death of Two Brave Brothers*



1 In hōc<sup>1</sup> praeliō multī equitēs occīsī sunt; in<sup>2</sup> eīs vir fortis et nōbilis, Pīsō Aquītānus.

In hōc<sup>1</sup> praeliō = *In this battle*

multī equitēs = *many horsemen*

occīsī sunt = *were killed*

in<sup>2</sup> eīs = *in (among) them*

vir fortis et nōbilis = *a brave and renowned man*

Pīsō Aquītānus = *Piso Aquitanus*

<sup>1</sup> hōc: *this*.

<sup>2</sup> in here means *among*.

Complete Translation:

*In this battle many horsemen were killed, in (among) them a brave and renowned man, Piso Aquitanus.*



2 Is amīcus erat Populī Rōmānī.

Is = *He*

erat = *was*

amīcus = *a friend*

Populī Rōmānī = *of the Roman people*

Complete Translation:

*He was a friend of the Roman people.*



3 Ējus frāter in prœliō vulnerātus<sup>3</sup> erat et ab hostibus premēbātur.

Ējus frāter = *His brother*

vulnerātus<sup>3</sup> erat = *had been wounded*

in prœliō = *in battle*

et premēbātur = *and was being (hard) pressed*

ab hostibus = *by the enemy*

<sup>3</sup> vulnerō, *1, tr.: wound.*

Complete Translation:

*His brother had been wounded in battle and was being (hard) pressed by the enemy.*



4 Nōn erat spēs salūtis.

Nōn erat = *There was no*

spēs = *hope*

salūtis = *of safety (escape)*

Complete Translation:

*There was no hope of safety (escape).*



5 Pīsō id vīdit; vīdit frātrem; vīdit hostēs.

Pīsō = *Piso*    vīdit = *saw*    id = *this*

vīdit = *he saw*    frātrem = *(his) brother*

vīdit = *he saw*    hostēs = *(the) enemy*

Complete Translation:

*Piso saw this: he saw his brother; and he saw the enemy.*



6 Tamen in hostēs contendit ut frātre<sup>m</sup> adjuvāret.

Tamen = *Nevertheless*

contendit = *he hastened*

in hostēs = *into (toward) the enemy*

ut adjuvāret = *in order to aid*

frātre<sup>m</sup> = *(his) brother*

Complete Translation:

*Nevertheless he hastened toward the enemy in order to aid his brother.*



7 Ab hostibus autem circumventus<sup>4</sup> est atque occīsus est.

autem circumventus<sup>4</sup> est = *But he was surrounded*

Ab hostibus = *by the enemy*

atque = *and*

occīsus est = *(he was) killed*

<sup>4</sup> circumveniō: *surround.*

Complete Translation:

*But he was surrounded by the enemy and killed.*



8 Tum frāter Pīsōnis morte ējus vehementer mōtus est et in hostēs contendit.

Tum = *Then*

frāter Pīsōnis = *Piso's brother*

vehementer mōtus est = *was greatly moved*

morte ējus = *by his (brother's) death*

et contendit = *and he hastened*

in hostēs = *toward the enemy*

Complete Translation:

*Then Piso's brother was greatly moved by his (brother's) death and he hastened toward the enemy.*



9

Ācriter pugnāvit; tamen is etiam ab hostibus occīsus est.

Ācriter pugnāvit = *He fought bitterly*

tamen = *nevertheless*

is = *he*

etiam = *also*

occīsus est = *was killed*

ab hostibus = *by the enemy*

Complete Translation:

*He fought bitterly, nevertheless he was also killed by the enemy.*



10 Ita occīsī sunt frātrēs fortēs et bonī.

Ita = Thus

frātrēs fortēs et bonī = (these) brave and good brothers

occīsī sunt = were (both) killed

Complete Translation:

*Thus (these) brave and good brothers were (both) killed.*



11 Laudāmusne eōs?

Laudāmusne = *Do we praise*

eōs = *them*

Complete Translation:

*Do we praise them?*



Exercise #261 – Page 243

Translate:



Reading #14 – Page 244 **DĒ OBSIDIBUS**

Translate:

*Of (Concerning) Hostages*



1 Gallī obsidēs inter sē sæpe dedērunt ut amīcitiam et pācem cōfirmārent.

Gallī = *The Gauls*

inter sē sæpe dedērunt = *often exchanged*

obsidēs = *hostages*

ut cōfirmārent = *in order to strengthen*

amīcitiam et pācem = *friendship and peace*

Complete Translation:

*The Gauls often exchanged hostages in order to strengthen friendship and peace.*



2 Itaque per obsidēs amīcitia cōfirmāta est atque ita pāx in Galliā est cōfirmāta.

Itaque = *Therefore*

amīcitia = *friendship*

cōfirmāta est = *was encouraged*

per obsidēs = *through the hostages*

atque ita = *and thus*

pāx = *peace*

est cōfirmāta = *was strengthened*

in Galliā = *in Gaul*

Complete Translation:

*Therefore friendship was encouraged through the hostages and thus peace was strengthened in Gaul.*



3 Gallī sæpe obsidēs etiam Rōmānīs dedērunt ut fidem cōfirmārent.

Gallī = *The Gauls*

sæpe dedērunt = *often gave*

obsidēs = *hostages*

Rōmānīs = *to the Romans*

etiam = *also*

ut cōfirmārent = *in order to strengthen*

fidem = *faith*

Complete Translation:

*The Gauls often gave hostages to the Romans also in order to strengthen faith (encourage trust).*



4

Rōmānī autem obsidēs Gallīs nōn dedērunt, nam, omnis Galliæ imperiī cupidī, gentēs Galliæ armīs et virtūte vīcerant.

Rōmānī autem = *The Romans, however*

nōn dedērunt = *did not give*

obsidēs = *hostages*

Gallīs = *to the Gauls*

nam = *for*

imperiī cupidī = *desirous of command*

omnis Galliæ = *of all Gaul*

vīcerant = *they had conquered*

gentēs Galliæ = *the tribes of Gaul*

armīs et virtūte = *by means of arms and courage*

Complete Translation:

*The Romans, however, did not give hostages to the Gauls, for, desirous of command of all Gaul, they had conquered the tribes of Gaul by means of arms and courage.*



5 Itaque Gallī Rōmānōs timēbant et cum eīs bella sæpe gessērunt nē obsidēs eīs darent.

Itaque = *And so*

Gallī = *the Gauls*

timēbant = *feared*

Rōmānōs = *the Romans*

et bella sæpe gessērunt = *and often waged war*

cum eīs = *with them*

nē darent = *in order not to give*

obsidēs eīs = *hostages to them*

Complete Translation:

*And so the Gauls feared the Romans and often waged war with them in order not to give hostages to them.*



6 Obsidēs autem puerī et virī et mātērēs et patrēs erant.

Obsidēs autem = *The hostages, however*

erant = *were*

puerī et virī et mātērēs et patrēs = *boys and men and mothers and fathers*

Complete Translation:

*The hostages, however, were boys and men and mothers and fathers.*



7 Sæpe etiam erant filiī prīncipum et rēgum Gallōrum.

Sæpe etiam erant = *Often, also (too), they were*

filiī prīncipum = *sons of the chiefs*

et rēgum Gallōrum = *and (of) the kings of the Gauls*

Complete Translation:

*Often, also (too), they were sons of the chiefs and (of) the kings of the Gauls.*



8 Līberī autem nōn erant obsidēs.

autem = *But (however)*

obsidēs = *hostages*

nōn erant = *were not*

Līberī = *free*

Complete Translation:

*But (however) hostages were not free.*



9

Eōs enim Rōmānī in castrīs et hibernīs et oppidīs tenēbant ut propter eōrum salūtem Gallī pācem servārent.

enim Rōmānī = *For the Romans*

Eōs tenēbant = *held them*

in castrīs = *in camps*

et hibernīs et oppidīs = *and in winter quarters and in towns*

ut = *in order that*

propter eōrum salūtem = *on account of their safety*

Gallī = *the Gauls*

servārent = *would preserve*

pācem = *peace*

Complete Translation:

*For the Romans held them in camps and in winter quarters and in towns in order that on account of their safety the Gauls would preserve peace.*



10 *Itaque obsidēs sæpe miserī erant.*

*Itaque obsidēs = And so the hostages*

*sæpe miserī erant = were often wretched*

Complete Translation:

*And so the hostages were often wretched.*



11 Nam, sī<sup>1</sup> post pācem Gallī bellum cum Rōmānīs gessērunt, Rōmānī omnēs eōrum obsidēs occīdēbant ut postea<sup>2</sup> Gallī propter metum fidem servārent.

Nam = *For*

sī<sup>1</sup> post pācem = *if after peace*

Gallī bellum gessērunt = *the Gauls waged war*

cum Rōmānīs = *with the Romans*

Rōmānī = *the Romans*

occīdēbant = *killed*

omnēs eōrum obsidēs = *all their hostages*

ut postea<sup>2</sup> = *in order that afterwards*

Gallī = *the Gauls*

fidem servārent = *would keep faith*

propter metum = *on account of fear*

Complete Translation:

*For if after peace the Gauls waged war with the Romans, the Romans killed all their hostages in order that afterwards the Gauls would keep faith on account of fear.*

<sup>1</sup> sī: *if*

<sup>2</sup> postea: *afterwards*



12 Ita Gallī cæde obsidum sæpe territī sunt et bellum cum Rōmānīs sæpe nōn gessērunt ut obsidum vītās cōservārent.

Ita = *Thus*

Gallī = *the Gauls*

sæpe territī sunt = *were often terrified*

cæde obsidum = *by the slaughter of the hostages*

et bellum sæpe nōn gessērunt = *and did not often wage war*

cum Rōmānīs = *with the Romans*

ut cōservārent = *in order to spare*

obsidum vītās = *the lives of the hostages*

Complete Translation:

*Thus the Gauls were often terrified by the slaughter of the hostages and did not often wage war with the Romans in order to spare the lives of the hostages.*

